Autobiography of Alexander Trofimovich Buglev

Title: AUTOBIOGRAPHY

Surname: Buglev

Name: Alexander

Patronymic: Trofimovich

I have compiled this autobiography in my own hand. The following questions will be covered:

1. Year and place of birth, family background, parents' occupations before the October Revolution, their current occupations, and their address.

2. Start of independent work, duration of work or service until joining the Bolshevik Party (PKKA).

3. Educational institutions attended, graduation details, or the grade level completed if no graduation.

4. Where I stayed and worked during the February and October revolutions, including the exact address. Participation in the October Revolution.

5. Time of joining the Communist Party (CPSU), whether as a member, candidate, or VLKSM. The organization that accepted me, party card number, and details of party and social work. Previous membership in the CPSU or Komsomol.

6. Existence of any party penalties, their nature, reasons, and by whom they were imposed.

7. Membership in other parties, including details of when and where.

8. Involvement in Trotskyist, right-wing, national-chauvinist, or other counter-revolutionary organizations. Deviations from the party line, specific issues, and periods. Participation in the anti-party Belarusian-Tolmachev group.

9. Time and place of joining the Red Army, whether voluntarily or by mobilization. Units or institutions served, positions held, battles participated in, injuries, contusions, and awards received. Breaks in service and reasons for them.

10. Military, political, and special education, including the institution, location, and completion date.

11. Service in the old army, final rank, position, and involvement in battles against the Red Army. Capture by the Whites, details of captivity, and circumstances of release. Activities in the occupied territory if applicable.

12. Whether I have been abroad, when, where, and the nature of my activities. Existence of immediate family members living abroad, connection with them, and how this connection is expressed.

13. Convictions by Soviet authorities, including timing and reasons.

14. Marital status, siblings, spouse, and children.

(Signature, position held, and compilation date)

Autobiography of Alexander Trofimovich Buglev

I was born in the Dnepropetrovsk region of the Ukrainian SSR in a family of a trade employee. My father was born in 1911 in the village of Andreevka, Nizhne-Dneprovsky district. Before the revolution, he served in various positions in cooperative trade organizations. After the revolution, he worked in various state and cooperative trade organizations. Currently, he is the head of the Taganrog Promtorg kiosk network. Our family address is Taganrog, Engels Street 124. None of my closest relatives live abroad.

I am married to a candidate of the VKP(b) named Zhenya. She works as a teacher at the Taganrog Planned College. Before the revolution, Zhenya's father worked as a veterinary paramedic and is now a pensioner. Unfortunately, he recently passed away. Her mother is a housewife, and our residence is at Domenskaya Street 63 in Taganrog. Zhenya's brothers and sister work at the plant named after STALIN on the Baikal-Amur railway as a depot master.

In terms of education, I graduated from the Seven-Year Trudikol in Taganrog in 1925. In 1930, I also completed my studies at the Pedagogical College, specializing in teaching. After that, I worked as a physics and mathematics teacher at the Yegorlitsky school for collective farm youth on Ataman Uzi Road. From March 1930 to November 1930, while on vacation, I was elected secretary of the Taganrog City Council of the Society "Down with Illiteracy." Prior to that, I had been involved in public work for 1 year and 6 months as a member of the Presidium of the Okrug Council ODN.

I then transitioned to work as a manual laborer at the construction site of Plant No. 31 in Taganrog, following a nervous breakdown and overwork. I worked there until April 1931, after which I became a planner at the Nizhne-Donskoye Administration of River Transport. This position lasted until November 1931. In December 1931, I enrolled in the Osoaviakhimov pilot school located on Gnilovskaya Street near Rostov. However, I was expelled from the school in 1932 due to creating a conflict among the student pilots. Despite this, I remained a member of the Komsomol.

Afterward, I started working directly in production at Plant No. 31 in Taganrog, this time as a motor foreman (mechanic). I worked there for 3 months until January 1933. Following this, I attended the Saratov Planning Institute, where I studied for a year and graduated in 1937 with a diploma of 1-3 degrees. I remained at the institute to work as a teacher in the department of Marxism-Leninism until January 1989.

Before joining the Red Army, I applied and was admitted to the VPU Lenin in a teaching group at the Saratov Planning Institute in 1935. During this period, I joined the group of sympathizers of the VKP(b). In February 1939, I became a candidate of the VKP(b) and was accepted by the party organization of Saratov B 31 Yu Planning Institute, Frunze RK VKP(b). In 1938-39, I worked as a party lecturer for the Frunzensky RK VKP(b) and carried out specific instructions from the Department of Agitation and Propaganda of the Saratov Regional Committee of the VKP(b) and the Regional Committee of the All-Union Leninist Young Communist League.

While studying at the VPU named after LENIN, I also served as the head of the history circle of the CPSU(b) in the Moscow Art Theater named after Gorky. I officially became a member of the CPSU(b) in April 1940, with the party card number 3517447. Throughout my time at the VPU LENIN, from December 1939, I worked as a teacher of Marxism-Leninism.

On November 1940, I received a valuable gift as the head of the School, and in July 1940, I was awarded the badge "Excellent Worker of the Red Army" by order of the People's Commissar of Defense. I have never been subjected to partisan searches and have not been a member of Trotskyist, right-wing, or any other counter-revolutionary organizations. I have never been abroad, nor have I been on trial. There are no relatives among the dispossessed and repressed individuals. I have no connection with foreign countries.

Cadet of the VPU named after LENIN, Okranu.

Buglev, Alexander Trofimovich.

Moscow, January 24, 1940.